

UNIVERSITY OF WARWICK

School of Engineering

Example Questions

1. Classify the following PDEs:

- (a) Laplace's equation,
- (b) Wave equation,
- (c) Unsteady heat equation,
- (d) Incompressible Navier-Stokes equations,
- (e) Boundary-layer equations,
- (f) Euler equations,

2. Using Taylor's series, derive the finite difference approximation of the following derivatives using the method and order indicated.

- (a) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$, forward difference, $O(\Delta x)$,
- (b) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$, backward difference, $O(\Delta x)$,
- (c) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$, central difference, $O(\Delta x^2)$,
- (d) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$, central difference, $O(\Delta x^4)$,
- (e) $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}$, central difference, $O(\Delta x^2)$.

3. Establish the truncation error (T.E.) of the following finite-difference approximation to $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ at the point (i, j) for a uniform mesh.

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{f_{i+1} - f_{i-1}}{2\Delta x}. \quad (1)$$

4. Use the modified wavenumber analysis to assess the accuracy of the central difference formula

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{f_{i+1} - 2f_i + f_{i-1}}{\Delta x^2}. \quad (2)$$

5. Transform the steady 2-D incompressible equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0. \quad (3)$$

to (ξ, η) computational space using the transformation

$$\xi = x, \quad \eta = \frac{y}{x^2}. \quad (4)$$

6. Transform Laplace's equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} = 0. \quad (5)$$

to (ξ, η) computational space using the transformation

$$\xi = x, \quad \eta = g(y). \quad (6)$$

7. Derive the finite difference equation of Poisson equation with central difference schemes in FDM or FVM.

8. Summarise the following CFD solution procedures:

- (a) **Step 1:** Problem Definition - Governing equations.
- (b) **Step 2:** Computation Domain.
- (c) **Step 3:** Boundary Conditions.
- (d) **Step 4:** Computational Grid.
- (e) **Step 5:** Computer Simulation.
- (f) **Step 6:** Results & Discussion - Validation, Comparison & Analysis.

9. How to determine the optimal computational domain size (**Step 2**) and the number of grid points (**Step 3**) when the largest length scale (*integral length scale*) is 1m and the smallest length scale (*Kolmogorov length scale*) is 1mm?

10. Define the following terms in your own words:

- (a) FDM
- (b) FVM
- (c) Numerical error
- (d) Truncation error
- (e) Convergence
- (f) Iterative method

- (g) Modified wavenumber
- (h) TDMA
- (i) ADI
- (j) Crank-Nicolson
- (k) Unsteady problem
- (l) Explicit and implicit methods for unsteady problem
- (m) CFL condition
- (n) Finite difference equation
- (o) Elliptic, parabolic, and hyperbolic types of PDEs
- (p) Fractional step method
- (q) Turbulent flow
- (r) DNS, LES, and RANS

Good Luck!